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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/935,100	08/22/2001	David B. Weiner	UPN-4099	2243	
7	7590 07/02/2004		EXAMINER		
COZEN O'CONNER 1900 MARKET STREET			PARKIN, JEFFREY S		
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,		1648		
				DATE MAILED: 07/02/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		09/935,100	WEINER ET AL.		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		Jeffrey S. Parkin, Ph.D.	1648		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply		correspondence address		
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDON	imely filed ays will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 A	April 2004.			
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	453 O.G. 213.		
Disposit	ion of Claims				
4)⊠	Claim(s) 32-34 is/are pending in the application	on.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠	Claim(s) 32-34 is/are rejected.				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.			
Applicat	ion Papers				
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examina	er.			
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	cepted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.		
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ction is required if the drawing(s) is o	bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Offic	e Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received.			
	2. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received in Applica	ition No		
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	ority documents have been receiv	ved in this National Stage		
	application from the International Burea	nu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).			
* (See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	t of the certified copies not receive	ved.		
Attachmen		-			
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail I			
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08		Patent Application (PTO-152)		
	or No(s)/Mail Date <u>07052002</u> .	6) Other:			

Serial No.: 09/935,100 Docket No.:UPN-4099
Applicants: Weiner, D., et al. Filing Date: 08/22/01

Detailed Office Action

Status of the Claims

Applicants' election of Group XX (claims 32 and 33) in the response filed 05 April, 2004, is noted. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the purported errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (refer to M.P.E.P. § 818.03(a)). Applicants canceled claims 1-31 without prejudice or disclaimer, amended claims 32 and 33, and introduced new claim 34. Claims 32-34 are currently under examination.

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement filed 05 July, 2002, has been placed in the application file and the information referred to therein has been considered.

35 U.S.C. § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 32 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Sato et al. (1990). Sato and colleagues disclose pharmaceutical compositions comprising HIV-1 Vpr-specific

antibodies and an acceptable pharmaceutical carrier. Accordingly, this teaching meets all of the claimed limitations.

35 U.S.C. § 112, First Paragraph

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 33 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The claims are directed toward a method of treating individuals exposed to or infected with HIV by administering anti-Vpr antibodies.

considerations enablement that govern legal The determinations pertaining to undue experimentation have been Enzo Biochem, Inc., 52 U.S.P.Q.2d 1129 clearly set forth. In re Wands, 8 U.S.P.Q.2d 1400 (C.A.F.C. (C.A.F.C. 1999). 1988). Ex parte Forman 230 U.S.P.Q. 546 (PTO Bd. Pat. App. courts concluded that several Int., 1986). The inquiries should be considered when making such assessments including the quantity of experimentation necessary, the amount of direction or guidance presented, the presence or absence of working examples, the nature of the invention, the state of the prior art, the relative skill of those in that art, predictability or unpredictability of the art and the breadth of the claims. In re Rainer, 52 C.C.P.A. 1593, 347 F.2d 574, 146 U.S.P.Q. 218 (1965). The disclosure fails to provide adequate

U.S. Serial No. 09/935,100 Applicant(s): Weiner, D., et al.

guidance pertaining to a number of these considerations as follows:

Inadequate Direction/Guidance Provided

The disclosure fails to provide adequate guidance pertaining to the structural and functional characteristics of the anti-Vpr antibodies present in the pharmaceutical composition. The specification is silent pertaining to the epitope(s) recognized, the affinity of the antibody composition, the avidity of the antibody composition, and the pharmacological properties (i.e., serum half-life, bioavailability, clearance rate, sequestration by serum proteins, target distribution, target levels, etc.). The skilled artisan would require a knowledge of these various properties before attempting to administer the antibody composition to a patient.

Claim Breadth is Excessive

The claims are broadly directed toward any population of anti-Vpr antibodies. Thus, they may include specific monoclonal reagents (none of which are described in the specification), polyclonal reagents, or recombinant antibodies. The claims do not specify any type of neutralizing activity or other properties for the antibodies. In order to practice the claimed invention the skilled artisan would need a purified, well-characterized reagent (i.e., a Mab produced from a specific hybridoma). However, the specification is silent pertaining the properties of any given antibody composition.

State-of-the-Art

The state-of-the-art vis-à-vis the treatment of HIV infection using immunotherapeutics can be characterized by unpredictability and frequent failure. This is not surprising since the correlates of protective immunity remain to be elucidated (Burton and Moore, 1998; Feinberg and Moore, 2002; Moore and Burton, 1999; Johnston, 2000; Letvin, 1998). Thus,

the skilled artisan, even if armed with a highly specific neutralizing reagent, cannot predict if that reagent will have a meaningful clinical effect. Each antibody composition must be tested empirically, preferably in a human host since most animal models are inadequate and do not allow the direct extrapolation of findings from one system to another. Moreover, some passive immunotherapy studies have reported that there was no clinical benefit in HIV-infected patients receiving Ig preparations (Jacobson et al., 1993). This is not surprising considering all the uncertainty associated with attempting to identify the correlates of protective immunity and the ability of the virus to direct the immune response predominantly toward low affinity antibody responses (Kohler et al., 1992).

Absence of Working Embodiments

The disclosure fails to provide any working embodiments demonstrating the HIV-1 or -2 Vpr-specific antisera are effective at combatting HIV infection. Considering the unpredictability of the art and nature of the invention, the skilled artisan would clearly require suitable working examples before contemplating practicing the invention on an infected patient.

When all the aforementioned factors are considered in toto, it would clearly require undue experimentation to practice the claimed invention.

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Jeffrey S. Parkin, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (571) 272-0908. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 9:30 AM to 7:00 PM. A message may be left on the examiner's voice mail service. If attempts to reach the examiner are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisors, Laurie Scheiner or James Housel, can be reached at (571) 272-0910 or

U.S. Serial No. 09/935,100 Applicant(s): Weiner, D., et al.

(571) 272-0902, respectively. Direct general inquiries to the Technology Center 1600 receptionist at (571) 272-1600.

Formal communications may be submitted through the official facsimile number which is (703) 872-9306. Hand-carried formal communications should be directed toward the customer window located in Crystal Plaza Two, 2011 South Clark Place, Arlington, VA. Applicants are directed toward the O.G. Notice for further guidance. 1280 O.G. 681. Informal communications may be submitted to the Examiner's RightFAX account at (571) 273-0908.

Respectfully,

Jeffrey S. Parkin, Ph.D.

Patent Examiner Art Unit 1648

24 June, 2004